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Information on publishing

Sites with useful guides to publishing

Emerald:

http://www.emeraldgrouppublishing.com/authors/workshops/ggp_online.htm

❖ Taylor and Francis

http://journalauthors.tandf.co.uk/

Springer

http://www.springer.com/gp/authorseditors/journal-author

Wiley online Library

http://exchanges.wiley.com/authors/journal-

author-guide_268.html

Journal/Publishers website have guides for authors

The links may be referred to as:

- **Author guides**
- **Author instructions**
- **Resources for authors etc**

- **These sites give you information on what publisher's expectation are.**
- **Each journal has journal specific instructions**
- **❖** You must therefore refer to the journal site for the instructions and expectations of the journal

Instructions to authors are for example on:

- Subject/Geographical coverage
- Submission process
- **❖** No of words for Article and Abstract
- **Structure of the abstract**
- ***** Format of the article

- * Font
- Pagination (eg figures and tables)
- File type
- Referencing style

Nb: Refer to a previous issue of the journal for an idea of the kind of articles it publishes

Ethical issues

- The manuscript has not been submitted to more than one journal for simultaneous consideration.
- The manuscript has not been published previously
- No data have been fabricated or manipulated (including images) to support your conclusions



No Plagiarism

Consent to submit has been received explicitly from all co-authors, as well as from the responsible authorities

Finding the right journal

- *Be realistic about where you send your manuscript for consideration for publication
- *Do not send an interesting but specialized manuscript to a general journal that is looking for topics of broader interest or major scientific importance
- Discuss where you want to publish with an experienced colleague, either before formatting manuscript or at the very least before submission

Finding the right journal

- **Aims** and scope
- *ISI Impact Factor (frequency with which the "average article" in a given scholarly journal has been cited in a particular year or period)
- Does the journal have an international audience?
- *Is the journal peer reviewed?

Who is on the editorial board?

Is the journal available online?

- Is the journal published by an international
- association or learned society?

Sites for authenticating publishers/Journals

1. Social Science citation index

http://ip-science.thomsonreuters.com/cgi-bin/jrnlst/jloptions.cgi?PC=SS

http://ip-science.thomsonreuters.com/

Sites for authenticating publishers/Journals

- 2. SJR (http://www.scimagojr.com/journalrank.php)
- 3. SNIP (http://www.journalmetrics.com/snip.php)
- 4. SherpaRomeo (http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/)

Sites for authenticating publishers/Journals

5. Directory of Open Access Journals - http://doaj.org/

6.Open Access Scholarly Publishers Association-http://oaspa.org/

How to avoid a scam



How to avoid a scam!



1. When you google the title of the journal, is the first hit

the journal website, or is it a blog discussing why this

journal is a fraud?

2. Take a look at the journal website.

3. Is it transparent about any author fees and the peer review process?

4.Check whether the journal is listed in the **Directory of**

Open Access Journals. If not, it's not a recognized open

access journal.

5. Check to see if this journal is listed in mainstream library journal

databases.

6. Check whether the publisher appears in Beall's List of Predatory

Publishers.

7. Another good test is whether the publisher is a member of the Open

Access Publishers Association

- 8. Ask whether the journal website promises more than it can reasonably deliver.
- 9. Ask a subject specialist for assistance.
- 10. Has the journal published any issues? read an article

or two and assess for yourself.

11. Searching in the box marked "Search this journal" on the journal web page for the name of an author of an article in a recent issue of the journal does not return any hits.

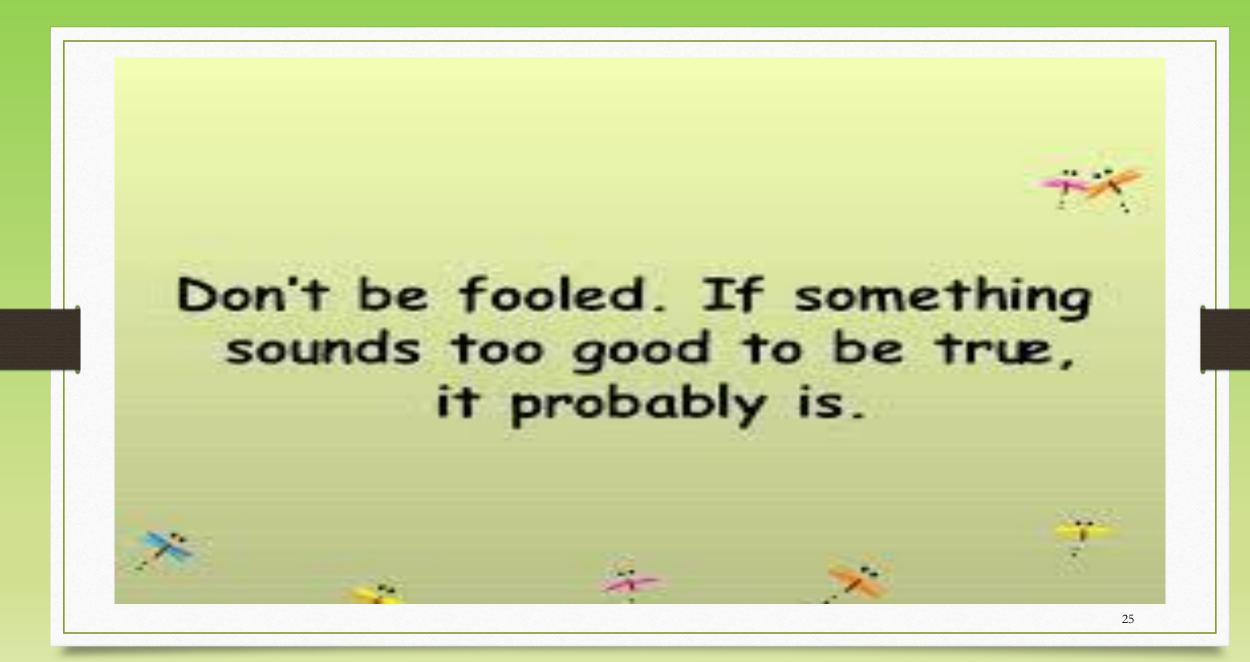
12. No specific person is identified as the editor of the journal

13. The journal should have a physical address



- ***** beware of unsolicited offers to publish your thesis!
- Use common sense, as you would when shopping online: if something looks fishy, proceed with caution!
- in doubt? talk with your supervisor, or the Library.





Links to Blacklisted Journals

- *Beall's List of Predatory Publishers http://scholarlyoa.com/publishers/
- *http://allfakejournals.blogspot.com/
- http://www.academia.edu/9631250/Blackliste
 d Journals

Misleading Metrics

A list of questionable companies that purport to provide valid scholarly metrics at the researcher, article, or journal level.

http://scholarlyoa.com/otherpages/misleading-metrics/

Hijacked Journals List

- *list includes journals for which someone has created a counterfeit website, stealing the journal's identity and soliciting articles submissions using the authorpays model (gold open-access).
- http://scholarlyoa.com/other-pages/hijackedjournals/

PREDATORY STANDALONE JOURNALS

- LIST OF STANDALONE JOURNALS
- http://scholarlyoa.com/individual-journals/

References

- http://i.bnet.com/blogs/scam51.jpg
- http://image.slidesharecdn.com/llib-1202807027688565-3/95/llib-1-728.jpg?cb=1202778230
- https://encrypted-tbn1.gstatic.com/images?q=tbn:ANd9GcQRgQoscdXRLtJYsag3PJVeI-9tkEt4pEdrrA9tr-FDcrpSIL3Q

Thank you?

Any questions remarks?